

#### Features:

1. Chip material: GaP/GaP

2. Emitted color: Green

3. Lens Appearance: Green Diffused

4. Designed for ease in circuit board assembly.

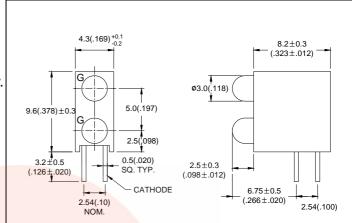
5. Black case enhance contrast ratio.

6. Solid state light source.

7. Reliable and rugged.

8. This product don't contained restriction substance, compliance ROHS standard.

# Package dimensions:



#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$ mm (0.01") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

### Applications:

- 1. TV set
- 2. Monitor
- 3. Telephone
- 4. Computer
- 5. Circuit board

## ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power Dissipation	Pd	80	mW	
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current*1	I <sub>FP</sub>	150	mA	
Reverse Voltage	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V	
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40°℃~80°℃		
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40°C ~85°C		
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	260°C (for 5 seconds)		

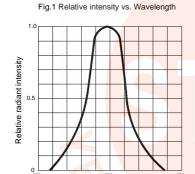
<sup>\*1</sup>Condition for I<sub>EP</sub> is pulse of 1/10 duty and 0.1msec width.



■ Electrical and optical characteristics(Ta=25°C)

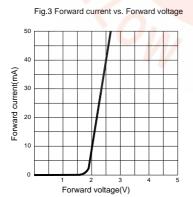
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward Voltage	$V_{F}$	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	2.2	2.6	V
Luminous Intensity	lv	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	50	-	mcd
Reverse Current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	-	-	100	μA
Peak Wave Length	λр	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	568	-	nm
Dominant Wave Length	λd	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	560	-	576	nm
Spectral Line Half-width	Δλ	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	30	-	nm
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =20mA	-	35	-	deg

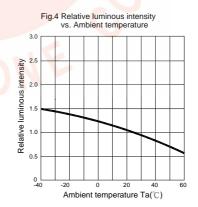
#### Typical electro-optical characteristics curves

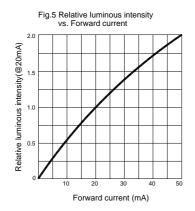


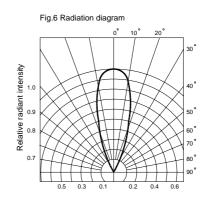
Wavelength λ (nm)

Fig.2 Forward current derating curve vs. Ambient temperature



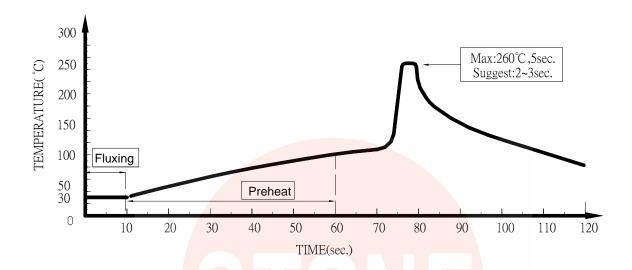








#### Dip Soldering



- Please avoid any external stress applied to the lead-frames and epoxy while the LEDs are at high temperature, especially during soldering
- 2. DIP soldering and hand soldering should not be done more than one time.
- 3. After soldering, avoid the epoxy lens from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs are back to room temerature.
- 4. Avoid rapid cooling during temperature ramp-down process
- 5. Although the soldering condition is recommended above, soldering at the lowest possible temperature is feasible for the LEDs

#### ● IRON Soldering

A: Max: 350°C Within 3 sec. One time only.

B: For 3mm LED without flange, if the LED epoxy lays flat on the PCB, the welding condition is 350°C within 2 seconds, one time only.

