

#### **♦**Features

I 5mm Rounded LED Lamps

I Emitting Color: Red /Kelly

I Lens Color: White Diffuse

I Material: AlGaInp

I Low power consumption

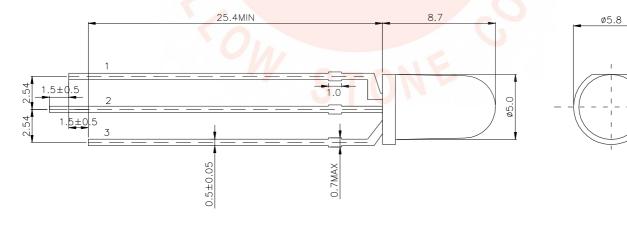
I Excellent product quality and reliability

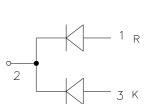
I Lead-free device

#### **◆**Applications

- I Electronic signs and signals
- I Bright ambient lighting conditions
- I Backlight
- I General purpose indications

### **♦** Package Dimensions





#### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm 0.25$  unless otherwise noted.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice.
- 5. The design and working Current for Led is not less than 2mA.



# ◆ Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Red	Kelly	Onit	
Power Dissipation	PD	65	65	mW	
Forward Current	IF	25	25	mA	
Peak Forward Current*1	IFP	60	60	mA	
Reverse Voltage	VR	5	5	V	
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40°C To +85°C			
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40°C To +100°C			
Soldering Temperature*2	Tsol	260°C For 5 Seconds			

#### Notes

### ◆ Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Test Condi- tions	
Forward Voltage	Red	VF	1.7	2.0	2.5	V	IF=20mA	
Torward Voltage	Kelly	VF	1.80	2.10	2.60	V	II =20IIIA	
Luminous Intensity	Red	<b>I</b> R		_ =11	10	μΑ	VR=5V	
Luminous intensity	Kelly	lr		0 7-1	10	μΑ	VK=5V	
Dominant Wavelength	Red	λd	618	620	628	nm	IF=20mA	
	Kelly	λd	565	571	574	nm	IF=20IIIA	
Deals Wayslangth	Red	λp		630	_	nm	IF=20mA	
Peak Wavelength	Kelly	λp	_	570	_	nm		
Spectral line Half-width	Red	Δλ	_	17	_	nm	IF=20mA	
Spectral line Hall-width	Kelly	Δλ		16		nm	II =20IIIA	
Luminous Intensity	Red	lv	250	450	1000	mcd	IF=20mA	
Luminous intensity	Kelly	lv	60	120	250	mcd	IF=ZUIIA	
Power Angle		2 <i>θ</i> 1/2	_	60	_	Deg.	IF=20mA	

#### Remarks

If special sorting is required (e.g. binning based on forward voltage, luminous intensity, or dominant wavelength), the typical accuracy of the sorting process is as follows:

- 1.Dominant Wavelength:+/-1nm
- 2.Chromatic Coordinates:+/-0.01
- 3. Luminous Intensity: +/-15%
- 4. Forward Voltage: +/-0.1V

<sup>\*1:</sup> Pulse width≤0.1ms, Duty cycle≤1/10

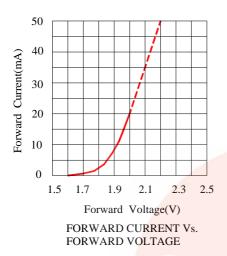
<sup>\*2: ∆</sup>At the position of 3mm below package base.

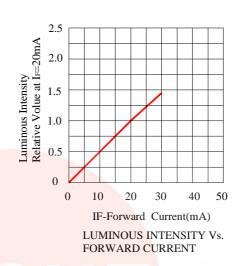
<sup>\*3: ▲</sup> Plese refer to the curve of forward current vs.temperature

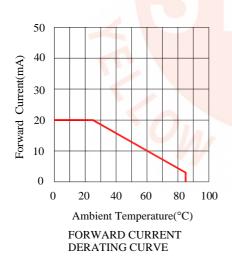


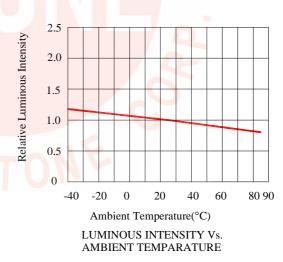
# ◆ Typical Electrical/Optical Characteristics Curves

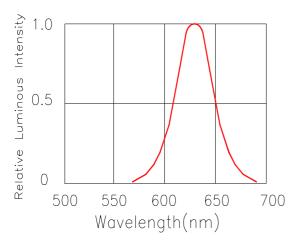
#### Red

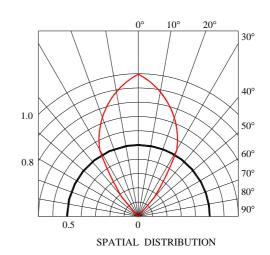








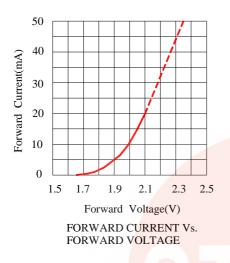


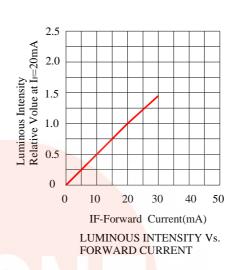


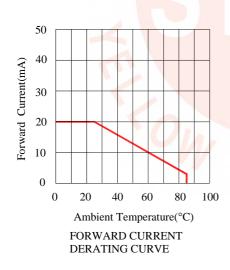


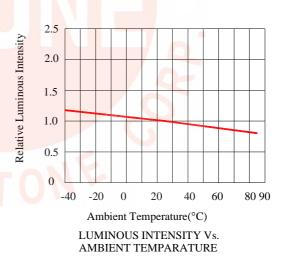
# **◆** Typical Electrical/Optical Characteristics Curves

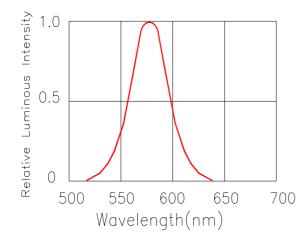
### **♦** Kelly

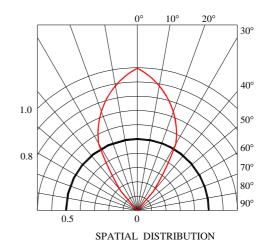














# **♦**Reliability Test Items and Conditions

Test Classification	Test ltim	Test Conditions Test Duration		Sample Size	AC/RE
Life Test	Room Temperature DC Operating Life Test	Ta=25°C±5°C, If=20mA	1000hrs	22pcs	0/1
	Thermal Shock Test	100°C±5°C 15min ↓↑ -40°C±5°C 15min	20 cycles	22pcs	0/1
Environment Test	Temperature Cyle Test	100°C±5°C 30min ↓↑5min -40°C±5°C 30min	20 cycles	22pcs	0/1
	High Temperature & High Humidity Test	85°C±5°C /85% RH	1000hrs	22pcs	0/1
	High Temperature Storage	Ta=100°C±5°C	1000hrs	22pcs	0/1
	Low temperature Storage	Ta=-40°C±5°C	1000hrs	22pcs	0/1
Mechanical Test	Resistance to Soldering Heat	Temp=260°C ±5°C T=5s max	2 times	22pcs	0/1

# **♦** Criteria for Judging the Damage

Item	Cymbol	condition	Criteria for Judgement		
Item	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	MAX.	
Forward Voltage	VF (V)	IF=20mA		U.S.L*1.1	
Reverse Current	IR (uA)	VR=5V		10uA	
Luminous Intensity	IV (mcd)	IF=20mA	L.S.L*0.5		

[Note] 1.USL: Upper Specification Level 2.LSL: Lower Specification Level



### **♦** CAUTIONS:

### 1.Lead Forming & Assembly

- Lead forming or bending must be done before soldering, at normal temperature.
- During lead forming, the leads should be bent at a point at least 3mm from the base of LED lens.
- Do not use the base of the lead frame as a fulcrum during lead forming.
- Avoid bending the leads at the same point more than once.
- During assembly on PCB, use minimum clinch force possible to avoid excessive mechanical stress.

### 2.LED Mounting Method

- •The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement.Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hols pitch.
- When soldering wire to the LED. Use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental coontact short-circuit.
- •Use stand-offs or spacers to securely position the LED above the PCB.

### 3. Soldering

• When soldering, the soldering iron needs to be at least 3mm away from the epoxy edge. After soldering, allow at least 3 minutes for LEDs to cool back to normal temperature.DO not apply any pressure to the epoxy encapsulation or the lead frame during the soldering process.



- When using soldering iron .please solder once for less than 5 seconds at a maximum Temperature of 300°C. When soldering a row of LED on a PCB. Please do not solder both Leads of a LED in sequence. (Solder all the positive lead first .then all the negative leads).
- Do not dip the epoxy encapsulation part of LED into any soldering paste liquid.
- After soldering .do not adjust the location of the LED anymore .



• When attaching electronic parts to a PCB with LEDs .the curing time for the whole PCB

Should be less than 60 seconds .at less than a temperature of 120°C.

### 4. Cleaning:

• Use alcohol-based cleaning solvents such as isopropyl alcohol to clean the LEDs if necessary.

### 5.Storage

- The storage ambient for the LEDs should not exceed 30°C temperature or 70% relative humidity.
- It is recommended that LEDs out of their original packaging are used within three months. For extended storage out of their original packaging, it is recommended that the LEDs be stored in a sealed container with appropriate desiccant or in desiccators with nitrogen ambient.

### **6.ESD** (Electrostatic Discharge)

Static Electricity or power surge will damage the LED.

Suggestions to prevent of ESD damage.

- All devices, equipment, and machinery must be properly grounded.
- Use a conductive wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling these LEDs.
- Maintain a humidity level of 50% or higher in production areas.
- Use anti-static packaging for transportation and storage.

### 7. Recommended Usage Guidelines

- Please only use 20mA(Lamp LED) of forward current to drive LEDs whether one LED or multiple LEDs are being used.
- Sudden surge could damage the LED interior connections.please design circuit with care to no sudden voltage surge or current surge will show when turning the circuit on or off.