

# END- LOOK PACKAGE PIN PHOTO DIODE

#### I Features

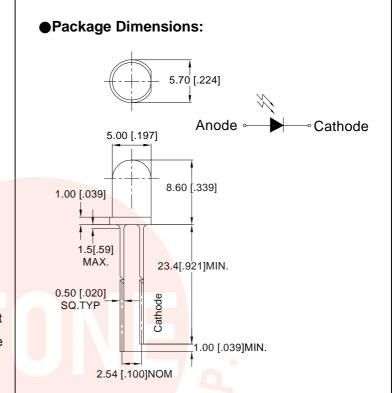
- 1. Linear response vs. irradiance
- 2. Fast switching time
- End-looking Package ideal for space limited applications
- 4. Lens Appearance: Water Clear.
- This product doesn't contain restriction Substance, comply RoHS standard

## I Description

The BPD-BQB334 device consists of a PIN silicon photodiode molded in a transparent epoxy package which allows spectral response infrared light wavelengths.

The receiving angle provides relatively even reception over a large area.

The end-looking package is designed for easy PC board mounting. This photodiode is mechanically and spectrally matched to GaAs and GaAlAs series of infrared emitting diodes.



#### NOTES:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.25mm (0.01") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package
- 4. Specifications are subject to change without notice

# I Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Maximum Rating	Unit		
Power Dissipation	100	mW		
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	60V			
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~+85°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-45°C ~+85°C			

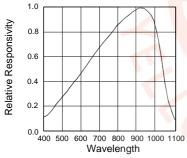


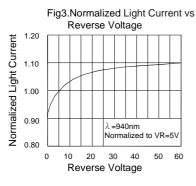
#### Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C unless otherwise noted)

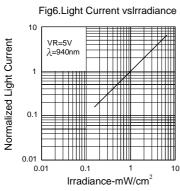
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
Reverse Light Current	IL	-	30	-	μA	V <sub>R</sub> =5V, Ee=1mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
Reverse Dark Current	I <sub>D</sub>	-	-	100	nA	V <sub>R</sub> =10V, Ee=0 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
Reverse Break down Voltage	$V_{(BR)}$	35	-	-	V	I <sub>R</sub> =100μA
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	0.5	-	1.3	V	I <sub>F</sub> =10mA
Spectral range of sensitivity	λ10%	400	940	1100	nm	
Wavelength of max sensitivity	λр		940		nm	
Total Capacitance	Ст	-	5	-	pF	V <sub>R</sub> =3V, Ee=0, f=1.0MHZ
Rise Time/ Fall Time	tr/tf	-	10	-	ns	$V_R$ =20V, $\lambda$ =940nm, RL=50 $\Omega$
Angle of sensitivity	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	-	20	-	deg	

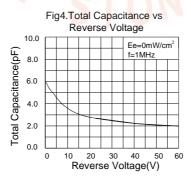
## I Typical Optical-Electrical Characteristic Curves (Ta=25°C)

Fig1.Relative Responsivity vs.Wavelength









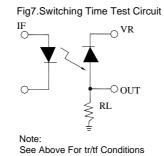
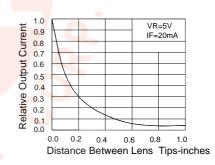
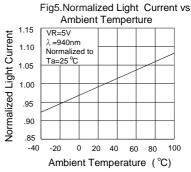
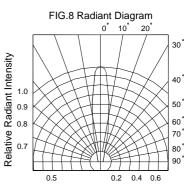


Fig2.Coupling Characteristics

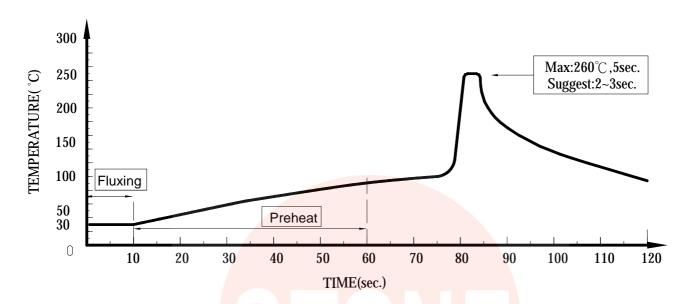








### Dip Soldering

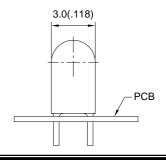


- 1. Please avoid any external stress applied to the lead-frames and epoxy while the LEDs are at high temperature, especially during soldering
- 2. DIP soldering and hand soldering should not be done more than one time.
- 3. After soldering, avoid the epoxy lens from mechanical shock or vibration until the LEDs are back to room temperature.
- 4. Avoid rapid cooling during temperature ramp-down process
- Although the soldering condition is recommended above,
  soldering at the lowest possible temperature is feasible for the LEDs

#### IRON Soldering

A: Max: 350°C Within 3 sec. One time only.

B: The products of 3mm without flange, welding condition of flat plate PCB Max: 350℃ Within 2 sec. One time only





# **Photodiode Specification**

• Commodity: Photodiode

• Collector Current Bin Limits (V<sub>R</sub>=5V, Ee=1mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

BIN CODE	Min.( μA)	Max.( μA)	
W	17.8	21.3	
Х	21.3	25.6	
Υ	25.6	30.8	
Z	30.8	36.9	
1	36.9	44.3	
2	44.3	53.2	

NOTES: Tolerance of measurement of Radiant Intensity :±15%