



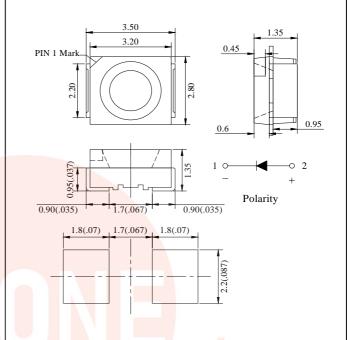
Features:

- 1. High radiant power and high radiant intensity.
- 2. 3.5x2.8x1.35mm standard package.
- 3. Suitable for all SMT assembly methods.
- 4. Peak wavelength λp=850nm
- 5. Good spectral matching to photodetector.
- 6. Radiant angle: 120
- 7. Lens Appearance: Water clear
- This product doesn't contain restriction substance, comply ROHS standard

Applications:

- 1. Remote Control.
- 2. Automatic Control System.

PackageDimensions:



NOTES:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.10mm unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings(Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power Dissipation	Pd	200	mW
Continuous Forward Current	I _F	100	mA
Peak Forward Current *1	I _{FP}	1.0	А
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40~+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40~+85	$^{\circ}$
Soldering Temperature	Tsol	See Page 6	-

*1 Condition for I_{FP} is pulse of 1/10 duty and 0.1msec width.

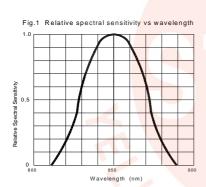


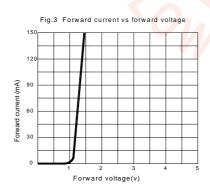
BIR-HO132X-TRB

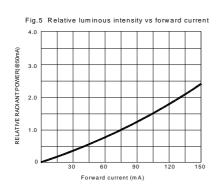
Optical- Electrical Characteristics (@T_A=25°C)

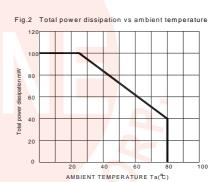
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Radiant Intensity	le	I _F =100mA	-	10	-	mW/sr
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =100mA	-	1.5	2.0	V
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	-	-	100	μΑ
Peak Wavelength	λр	I _F =100mA	-	850	-	nm
Spectral Line Half- Width	Δλ	I _F =100mA	-	50	-	nm
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}	I _F =100mA	-	120	-	deg

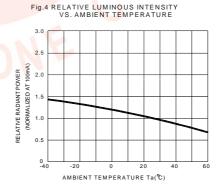
■ Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

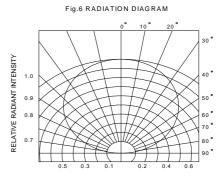






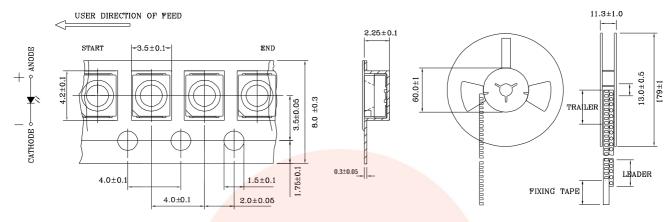






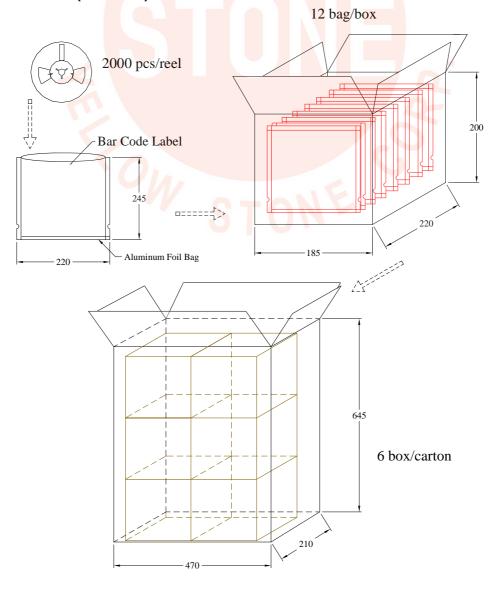


Tapping and packaging specifications(Units: mm)



NOTE:2000 PCS PER REEL

Package Method:(unit:mm)





Bin Limits

Radiant Intensity Bin Limits (At 100mA)

BIN CODE	mW/sr	mW/sr
10	7.07	9.90
11	9.90	13.87
12	13.87	19.42
13	19.42	29.13



● BIN: X Radiant Intensity Bin Code



●Reliability Test Bin Limits

Classification	Test Item	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Result	
	Operation Life	MIL-STD-750:1026	I _F =100mA		
		MIL-STD-883:1005	Ta=Under room temperature	0/20	
		JIS-C-7021 :B-1	Test time=1,000hrs		
	High		Ta=+65°C±5°C		
	Temperature	MIL-STD-202:103B	RH=90%-95%	0/20	
Endurance	High Humidity	JIS-C-7021 :B-11	Test time=240hrs		
Test	Storage				
Test	High	MIL-STD-883:1008	High Ta=+85°C±5°C		
	Temperature	JIS-C-7021 :B-10	Test time=1,000hrs	0/20	
	Storage	513-C-7021 .B-10			
	Low		Low Ta=-35°C±5°C		
	Temperature	JIS-C-7021 :B-12	Test time=1,000hrs	0/20	
	Storage				
	Temperatur <mark>e</mark>	MIL-STD-202:107D	- <mark>35°C ~ +25°C ~ +85</mark> °C ~ +25°C		
	Cycling	MIL-STD-750:1051	<mark>60min</mark> 20 <mark>mi</mark> n 60min 20min	0/20	
		MIL-STD-883:1010	Test Time=5cycle		
		JIS-C-7021 :A-4			
	Thermal	MIL-STD-202:107D	-35°C±5°C ~+85°C±5°C		
Environmental	Shock	MIL-STD-750:1051	20min 20min	0/20	
Test		MIL-STD-883:1011	Test Time=10cycle		
	Solder		Preheating:		
	Resistance	MIL-STD-202:201A	140°C-160°C, within 2 minutes.		
		MIL-STD-750:2031	Operation heating:	0/20	
		JIS-C-7021 :A-1	260°C (Max.), within 10seconds.		
			(Max.)		

Judgment criteria of failure for the reliability

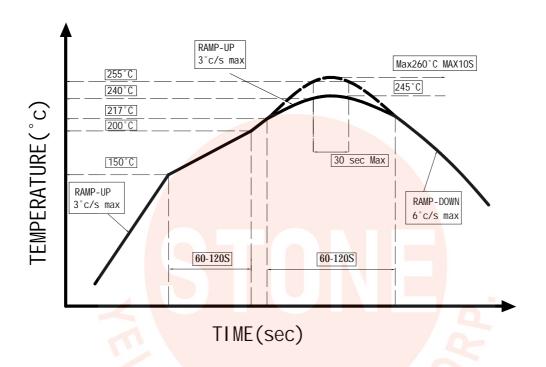
Measuring items	Symbol	Measuring conditions	Judgment criteria for failure
Forward voltage	$V_{F}(V)$	I _F =100mA	Over U ¹ x1.2
Reverse current	I _R (uA)	V _R =5V	Over U ¹ x2
Radiant Intensity	lv (mcd)	I _F =100mA	Below S ¹ X0.5

Note: 1. U means the upper limit of specified characteristics. S means initial value.

2. After each test, remove test pieces, wait for 2 hours and test pieces have returned to ambient temperature, then take next measurement.



IR-Reflow



- 1 · Avoid any external stress applied to the resin while the LEDs are at high temperature, especially during soldering.
- 2 · Avoid rapid cooling or any excess vibration during temperature ramp-down process
- 3 · Although the soldering condition is recommended above,
 soldering at the lowest possible temperature is feasible for the LEDs
- IRON Soldering

350°C Within 3 sec, one time only.



Handling Precautions

Compare to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Although its characteristic significantly reduces thermal stress, it is more susceptible to damage by external mechanical force.

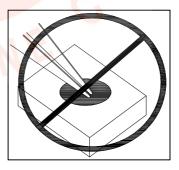
As a result, special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly using silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED.

- 1. Handle the component along the side surfaces by using forceps or appropriate tools. (pic.1)
- 2. Do not directly touch or handle the silicone lens surface. It may damage the internal circuitry. (pic.2, pic.3)
- 3. Do not stack together assembled PCBs, containing exposed LEDs. Impact may scratch the silicone lens or damage the internal circuitry. (pic.4)
- 4. The outer diameter of the SMD pickup nozzle should not exceed the size of the LED to prevent air leaks. The inner diameter of the nozzle should be as large as possible. (pic.5)
- 5. A pliable material is suggested for the nozzle tip to avoid scratching or damaging the LED surface during pickup. (pic.5)
- 6. The dimensions of the component must be accurately programmed in the pick-and-place machine to insure precise pickup and avoid damage during production. (pic.5)



Pic.1





Pic.4

Pic.2 Pic.3

Pic.5



Notes for designing:

Care must be taken to provide the current limiting resistor in the circuit so as to drive the LEDs within the rated figures. Also, caution should be taken not to overload LEDs with instantaneous voltage at the turning ON and OFF of the circuit.

When using the pulse drive care must be taken to keep the average current within the rated figures. Also, the circuit should be designed so as be subjected to reverse voltage when turning off the LEDs.

Storage:

In order to avoid the absorption of moisture, it is recommended to solder LEDs as soon as possible after unpacking the sealed envelope.

If the envelope is still packed, to store it in the environment as following:

- (1) Temperature : 5° C 30° C (41°F) Humidity : RH 60% Max.
- (2) After this bag is opened, devices that will be applied to infrared reflow, vapor-phase reflow, or equivalent soldering process must be:
- a. Completed within 24 hours.
- b. Stored at less than 20% RH.
- (3) Devices require baking before mounting, if: 2a or 2b is not met.
- (4) If baking is required, devices must be baked under below conditions: 48 hours at 60°C±3°C.

Package and Label of Products:

- (1) Package: Products are packed in one bag of 2000 pcs (one taping reel) and a label is attached on each bag.
- (2) Label:

